

Priority Date: 7/9/2021

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: CAAMTECH Inc Confirmation No.: 8493
Serial No.: 18/260,711 Group No.:
Filing or 371(c) Date: July 7, 2023 Examiner:
Entitled: PROTECTED ALKYL TRYPTAMINES AND THEIR THERAPEUTIC USES

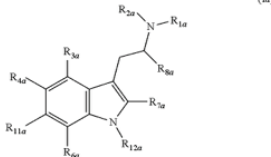
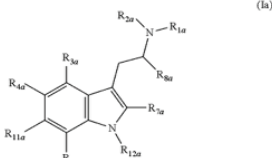
THIRD-PARTY PRE-ISSUANCE SUBMISSION

Examiner:

The following documents, which are also identified in the Form PTO/SB/429 filed herewith, are submitted for your consideration as being of potential relevance to the examination of the present application.

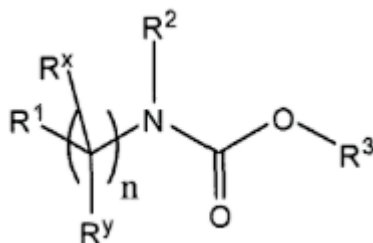
1. U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. US/2016/0353739 "Use of aryl carbamates in agriculture and other plant-related areas" (Published December 8, 2016)
2. Int'l Pat. App. Pub. No. WO/2003/035,061 "Use of indole and indoline derivatives in the treatment of obesity or for the reduction of food intake" (Published May 1, 2003)
3. U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. US/2018/0021326 "Compositions and methods for enhancing neuroregeneration and cognition by combining mushroom extracts containing active ingredients psilocin or psilocybin with erinacines or hericenones enhanced with niacin" (Published 25 January 2018)

Attached hereto is a claim chart providing a concise description of the relevance of each reference in the document list to the elements of the presently pending claims.

U.S.S.N. 18/260,711 Pending Claims	References
<p>55. A tryptamine compound selected from the group consisting of: a tryptamine compound of formula (Ia):</p>  <p>wherein R1a is selected from a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl; R2a is —C(O)OR10a, and wherein R10a is selected from optionally substituted C1-C6 alkyl that is branched or unbranched, and optionally substituted aryl; R3a and R4a are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9a, —OC(O)R5a, —OC(O)OR5a, or —OSO2R5a, provided that at least one of R3a or R4a is hydroxyl, —</p>	<p><i>From the application of interest 18/260,711, Claim 1:</i> <i>A tryptamine compound selected from the group consisting of:</i> <i>a tryptamine compound of formula (Ia):</i></p>  <p>wherein R1a is selected from a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl; R2a is —C(O)OR10a, and wherein R10a is selected from optionally substituted C1-C6 alkyl that is branched or unbranched, and optionally substituted aryl; R3a and R4a are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9a, —OC(O)R5a, —OC(O)OR5a, or —OSO2R5a, provided that at least one of R3a or R4a is hydroxyl, —OR9a, —OC(O)R5a, —OC(O)OR5a, or —OSO2R5a; <i>R5a is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;</i> <i>R9a is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl; and</i> R6a, R7a, R8a, and R11a are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl; and R12a is selected from hydrogen, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl; <i>or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof;</i> 1. U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. US/2016/0353739 “Use of aryl carbamates in agriculture and other plant-related areas” (Published December 8, 2016)</p>

OR9a, —OC(O)R5a, —OC(O)OR5a, or —OSO2R5a;
 R5a is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;
 R9a is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl; and
 R6a, R7a, R8a, and R11a are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl; and
 R12a is selected from hydrogen, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;
 or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof; with the proviso that when R3a is —OR9a and R9a is methyl, then R2a is neither ethoxycarbonyl or phenoxycarbonyl; with the proviso that when R3a, R6a, R8a, and R11a are all hydrogen, R1a is methyl, R2a is —C(O)OR10a, R12a is methyl, and R4a is methoxy, then R10a is not ethyl; and with the proviso that when R3a, R6a, R8a, and R11a are all hydrogen, R1a is methyl, R2a is —C(O)OR10a, R12a is

From **Claim 1**: A method of preventing, removing or inhibiting microbial biofilm formation or microbial infection in a plant or plant part thereof, comprising applying to said plant or plant part a treatment effective amount of a compound of **Formula (I)**:



wherein:

R1 is an aryl, an amine-substituted aryl, or a heteroaryl having at least one nitrogen atom; n=0 to 10, saturated or unsaturated;

each occurrence of Rx and Ry is present or absent (depending upon chain saturation), and is each independently H or alkyl;

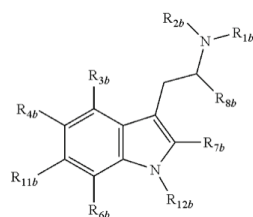
R2 is selected from the group consisting of: H, alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl; and

R3 is alkyl, substituted cycloalkyl or unsubstituted cycloalkyl, or an agriculturally acceptable salt thereof.

From **Description**: "**Heteroaryl**" means a cyclic, aromatic hydrocarbon in which one or more carbon atoms have been replaced with heteroatoms (e.g., N, O or S). If the heteroaryl group contains more than one heteroatom, the heteroatoms may be the same or different. **Examples of heteroaryl groups include** pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, thienyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, pyrrolyl, pyranyl, isobenzofuranyl, chromenyl, xanthenyl, **indolyl**, isoindolyl, indoliziny, triazolyl, pyridazinyl, indazolyl, purinyl, quinoliziny, isoquinolyl, quinolyl, phthalazinyl, naphthyridinyl, quinoxaliny, isothiazolyl, and benzo[b]thienyl. Preferred heteroaryl groups are five and six membered rings and contain from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of: O, N, and S. **The heteroaryl group, including each heteroatom, can be unsubstituted or substituted with from 1 to 4 suitable substituents, as chemically feasible.**

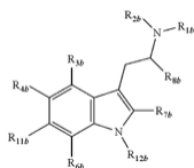
From the application of interest 18/260,711, Claim 1:

a tryptamine compound of formula (Ib):



wherein:

hydrogen, and R4a is methoxy, then R10a is not methyl;
a tryptamine compound of formula (Ib):



wherein:

R1b is selected from hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;
R2b is selected from a protecting group, hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;
R3b and R4b are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b, provided that at least one of R3b or R4b is hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b;
R5b is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;
R9b is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;
R11b is hydrogen;

R1b is selected from hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;

R2b is selected from a protecting group, hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;

R3b and R4b are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —

OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b, provided that at least one of R3b or R4b is hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b;

R5b is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;

R9b is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;

R11b is hydrogen;

R12b is a protecting group; and

R6b, R7b, and R8b are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof;

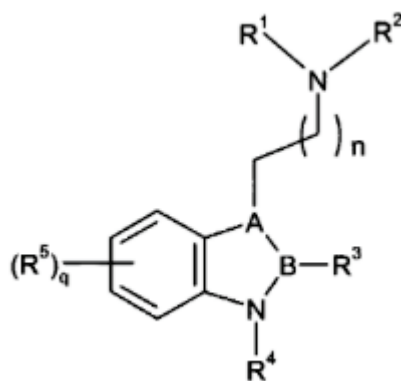
with the proviso that when R1b is hydrogen, R2b is methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is tert-butyloxycarbonyl (BOC) or methoxycarbonyl, then R3b is not hydrogen or methoxy; and

with the proviso that when R1b and R2b are methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is ethoxycarbonyl, then R3b and R4b are not both methyl

2. Int'l Pat. App. Pub. No. WO/2003/035,061 "Use of indole and indoline derivatives in the treatment of obesity or for the reduction of food intake" (Published May 1, 2003)

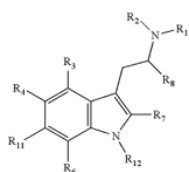
From Claim 1:

Use of a compound having a structure in accordance with Formula I, II or III:



wherein n is 1 or 2... R1 and R2 independently represent hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl or aryl, C1-C6 alkyl, or together represent the atoms necessary to complete a heterocycloalkyl group comprising the nitrogen atom to which R1 and R2 are attached;

R12b is a protecting group; and R6b, R7b, and R8b are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl; or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof; with the proviso that when R1b is hydrogen, R2b is methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is tert-butyloxycarbonyl (BOC) or methoxycarbonyl, then R3b is not hydrogen or methoxy; and with the proviso that when R1b and R2b are methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is ethoxycarbonyl, then R3b and R4b are not both methyl; and a tryptamine compound of formula (I):



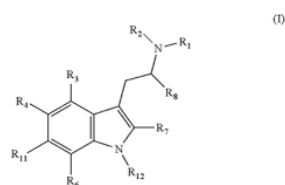
wherein R1 is selected from hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl; R2 is selected from a protecting group, hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight

R3 represents hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, aryl, C1-C6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, C\alkylcarbonyl, or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl;

R4 represents arylsulphonyl, heteroarylsulphonyl, Cj-g alkylsulphonyl, di C1-C6 alkylaminosulphonyl, arylcarbonyl, C-C6 alkylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; each R5 independently represents hydrogen, hydroxy, C1-C6 alkoxy, aryl C1-C6 alkoxy, nitrile or halogen;... and A-B represents C=C or CH-CH, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment and/or prevention of obesity or for the reduction of food intake.

From the application of interest 18/260,711, Claim 1:

a tryptamine compound of formula (I):



wherein

R1 is selected from hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;

R2 is selected from a protecting group, hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;

R3 and R4 are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9, —OC(O)R5, —OC(O)OR5, or —OSO2R5;

R5 is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;

R9 is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;

R6, R7, R8, and R11 are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl; and

R12 is selected from a protecting group, hydrogen, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl,

wherein at least one of R2 or R12 is a protecting group;

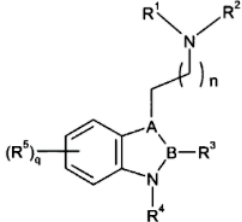
or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof;

wherein the purity of the tryptamine compound of formula (I) is greater than 98%.

2. Int'l Pat. App. Pub. No. WO/2003/035,061 "Use of indole and indoline derivatives in the treatment of obesity or for the reduction of food intake" (Published May 1, 2003)

From Claim 1:

Use of a compound having a structure in accordance with Formula I, II or III:

<p>chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl; R3 and R4 are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9, —OC(O)R5, —OC(O)OR5, or —OSO2R5; R5 is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl; R9 is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl; R6, R7, R8, and R11 are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl; and R12 is selected from a protecting group, hydrogen, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl, wherein at least one of R2 or R12 is a protecting group; or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof; wherein the purity of the tryptamine compound of formula (I) is greater than 98%.</p>	<div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p>wherein n is 1 or 2... R1 and R2 independently represent hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl or aryl, C1-C6 alkyl, or together represent the atoms necessary to complete a heterocycloalkyl group comprising the nitrogen atom to which R1 and R2 are attached; R3 represents hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, aryl, C1-C6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, C\alkylcarbonyl, or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; R4 represents arylsulphonyl, heteroarylsulphonyl, Cj-g alkylsulphonyl, di C1-C6 alkylaminosulphonyl, arylcarbonyl, C-C6 alkylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; each R5 independently represents hydrogen, hydroxy, C1-C6 alkoxy, aryl C1-C6 alkoxy, nitrile or halogen;... and A-B represents C=C or CH-CH, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment and/or prevention of obesity or for the reduction of food intake.</p> <p>From Description: Compound: The test compound, N,N-Dimethyl 2-[1 - (benzenesulphonyl)-5-methoxy- 1 H-indol-3-yl]ethylamine. The purity of the test compounds is of analytical grade.</p> <p>From Description: Consequently, the present invention provides a method for the treatment or prophylaxis of obesity or for the reduction of food intake in mammals, including humans. The method comprises administering to a patient in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula I, II or III</p>
<p>56. The compound of claim 55, wherein the tryptamine compound is a compound of formula (Ia).</p>	<p><i>From the application of interest 18/260,711, Claim 1:</i></p> <p><i>A tryptamine compound selected from the group consisting of:</i></p> <p><i>a tryptamine compound of formula (Ia):wherein</i></p>

R1a is selected from a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;

R2a is —C(O)OR10a, and wherein R10a is selected from optionally substituted C1-C6 alkyl that is branched or unbranched, and optionally substituted aryl;

R3a and R4a are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9a, —OC(O)R5a, —OC(O)OR5a, or —OSO2R5a, provided that at least one of R3a or R4a is hydroxyl, —OR9a, —OC(O)R5a, —OC(O)OR5a, or —OSO2R5a;

R5a is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;

R9a is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl; and

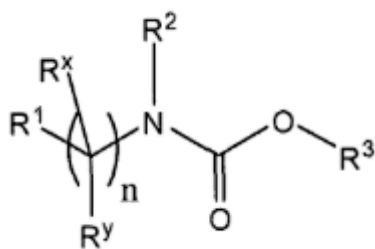
R6a, R7a, R8a, and R11a are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl; and

R12a is selected from hydrogen, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof;

1. U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. US/2016/0353739 “Use of aryl carbamates in agriculture and other plant-related areas” (Published December 8, 2016)

From **Claim 1**: A method of preventing, removing or inhibiting microbial biofilm formation or microbial infection in a plant or plant part thereof, comprising applying to said plant or plant part a treatment effective amount of a compound of **Formula (I)**:



wherein:

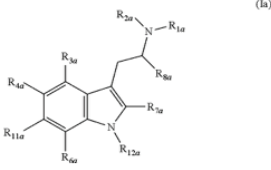
R1 is an aryl, an amine-substituted aryl, or a heteroaryl having at least one nitrogen atom; n=0 to 10, saturated or unsaturated;

each occurrence of Rx and Ry is present or absent (depending upon chain saturation), and is each independently H or alkyl;

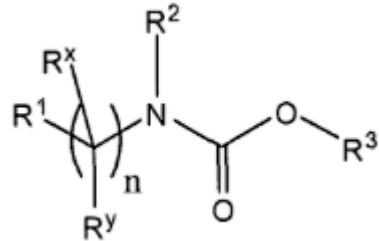
R2 is selected from the group consisting of: H, alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl; and

R3 is alkyl, substituted cycloalkyl or unsubstituted cycloalkyl, or an agriculturally acceptable salt thereof.

From **Description**: "Heteroaryl" means a cyclic, aromatic hydrocarbon in which one or more carbon atoms have been replaced with

	<p>heteroatoms (e.g., N, O or S). If the heteroaryl group contains more than one heteroatom, the heteroatoms may be the same or different. Examples of heteroaryl groups include pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, thienyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, pyrrolyl, pyranyl, isobenzofuranyl, chromenyl, xanthenyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, indoliziny, triazolyl, pyridazinyl, indazolyl, purinyl, quinoliziny, isoquinolyl, quinolyl, phthalazinyl, naphthyridinyl, quinoxaliny, isothiazolyl, and benzo[b]thienyl. Preferred heteroaryl groups are five and six membered rings and contain from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of: O, N, and S. The heteroaryl group, including each heteroatom, can be unsubstituted or substituted with from 1 to 4 suitable substituents, as chemically feasible.</p>
<p>57. The compound of claim 56, wherein R2a and R9a are independently selected from a tert-butylloxycarbonyl (BOC) group, a fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl (Fmoc) group, a benzyloxycarbonyl (Cbz or Z) group, an allyloxycarbonyl (Alloc) group, a 2,2,2-Trichloroethoxycarbonyl (Troc) group, or a 2-(Trimethylsilyl)ethoxycarbonyl (Teoc) group.</p>	<p><i>From the application of interest 18/260,711, Claim 1:</i></p> <p><i>A tryptamine compound selected from the group consisting of:</i></p> <p><i>a tryptamine compound of formula (Ia):</i></p> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>(Ia)</p> </div> <p><i>wherein</i></p> <p><i>R1a is selected from a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;</i></p> <p><i>R2a is —C(O)OR10a, and wherein R10a is selected from optionally substituted C1-C6 alkyl that is branched or unbranched, and optionally substituted aryl;</i></p> <p><i>R3a and R4a are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9a, —OC(O)R5a, —OC(O)OR5a, or —OSO2R5a, provided that at least one of R3a or R4a is hydroxyl, —OR9a, —OC(O)R5a, —OC(O)OR5a, or —OSO2R5a;</i></p> <p><i>R5a is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;</i></p> <p><i>R9a is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl; and</i></p> <p><i>R6a, R7a, R8a, and R11a are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl; and</i></p> <p><i>R12a is selected from hydrogen, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;</i></p> <p><i>or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof;</i></p> <p>1. U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. US/2016/0353739 “Use of aryl carbamates in agriculture and other plant-related areas” (Published December 8, 2016)</p>

From **Claim 1**: A method of preventing, removing or inhibiting microbial biofilm formation or microbial infection in a plant or plant part thereof, comprising applying to said plant or plant part a treatment effective amount of a compound of **Formula (I)**:



wherein:

R1 is an aryl, an amine-substituted aryl, or a heteroaryl having at least one nitrogen atom; n=0 to 10, saturated or unsaturated;

each occurrence of Rx and Ry is present or absent (depending upon chain saturation), and is each independently H or alkyl;

R2 is selected from the group consisting of: H, alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl; and

R3 is alkyl, substituted cycloalkyl or unsubstituted cycloalkyl, or an agriculturally acceptable salt thereof.

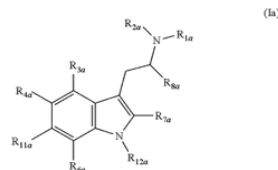
From **Description**: "**Heteroaryl**" means a cyclic, aromatic hydrocarbon in which one or more carbon atoms have been replaced with heteroatoms (e.g., N, O or S). If the heteroaryl group contains more than one heteroatom, the heteroatoms may be the same or different. **Examples of heteroaryl groups include** pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, thienyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, pyrrolyl, pyranyl, isobenzofuranyl, chromenyl, xanthenyl, **indolyl**, isoindolyl, indoliziny, triazolyl, pyridazinyl, indazolyl, purinyl, quinoliziny, isoquinolyl, quinolyl, phthalazinyl, naphthyridinyl, quinoxalinyl, isothiazolyl, and benzo[b]thienyl. Preferred heteroaryl groups are five and six membered rings and contain from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of: O, N, and S. **The heteroaryl group, including each heteroatom, can be unsubstituted or substituted with from 1 to 4 suitable substituents, as chemically feasible.**

58. The compound of claim 56, wherein at least one of R3a, R4a, R6a, R7a, and R8a is not hydrogen.

From the application of interest 18/260,711, Claim 1:

A tryptamine compound selected from the group consisting of:

a tryptamine compound of formula (Ia):



wherein

R1a is selected from a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;

R2a is —C(O)OR10a, and wherein R10a is selected from optionally substituted C1-C6 alkyl that is branched or unbranched, and optionally substituted aryl;

R3a and R4a are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9a, —OC(O)R5a, —OC(O)OR5a, or —OSO2R5a, provided that at least one of R3a or R4a is hydroxyl, —OR9a, —OC(O)R5a, —OC(O)OR5a, or —OSO2R5a;

R5a is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;

R9a is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl; and

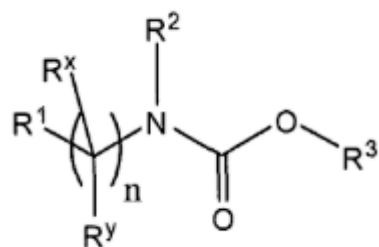
R6a, R7a, R8a, and R11a are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl; and

R12a is selected from hydrogen, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof;

1. U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. US/2016/0353739 “Use of aryl carbamates in agriculture and other plant-related areas” (Published December 8, 2016)

From **Claim 1**: A method of preventing, removing or inhibiting microbial biofilm formation or microbial infection in a plant or plant part thereof, comprising applying to said plant or plant part a treatment effective amount of a compound of **Formula (I)**:



wherein:

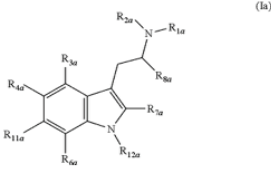
R1 is an aryl, an amine-substituted aryl, or a heteroaryl having at least one nitrogen atom; n=0 to 10, saturated or unsaturated;

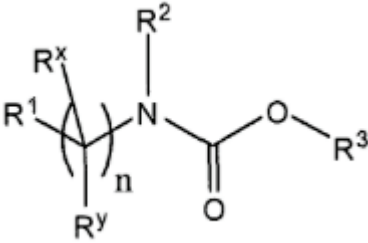
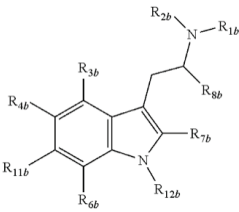
each occurrence of Rx and Ry is present or absent (depending upon chain saturation), and is each independently H or alkyl;

R2 is selected from the group consisting of: H, alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl; and

R3 is alkyl, substituted cycloalkyl or unsubstituted cycloalkyl, or an agriculturally acceptable salt thereof.

From **Description**: "Heteroaryl" means a cyclic, aromatic hydrocarbon in which one or more carbon atoms have been replaced with heteroatoms (e.g., N, O or S). If the heteroaryl group contains more

	<p>than one heteroatom, the heteroatoms may be the same or different. Examples of heteroaryl groups include pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, thienyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, pyrrolyl, pyranyl, isobenzofuranyl, chromenyl, xanthenyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, indoliziny, triazolyl, pyridazinyl, indazolyl, purinyl, quinoliziny, isoquinolyl, quinolyl, phthalazinyl, naphthyridinyl, quinoxaliny, isothiazolyl, and benzo[b]thienyl. Preferred heteroaryl groups are five and six membered rings and contain from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of: O, N, and S. The heteroaryl group, including each heteroatom, can be unsubstituted or substituted with from 1 to 4 suitable substituents, as chemically feasible.</p>
<p>59. The compound of claim 56, with the proviso that R9a is not methyl when R4a is —OR9a.</p>	<p><i>From the application of interest 18/260,711, Claim 1:</i></p> <p><i>A tryptamine compound selected from the group consisting of:</i></p> <p>a tryptamine compound of formula (Ia):</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>(Ia)</p> </div> <p><i>wherein</i></p> <p>R1a is selected from a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;</p> <p>R2a is —C(O)OR10a, and wherein R10a is selected from optionally substituted C1-C6 alkyl that is branched or unbranched, and optionally substituted aryl;</p> <p>R3a and R4a are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9a, —OC(O)R5a, —OC(O)OR5a, or —OSO2R5a, provided that at least one of R3a or R4a is hydroxyl, —OR9a, —OC(O)R5a, —OC(O)OR5a, or —OSO2R5a;</p> <p><i>R5a is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;</i></p> <p><i>R9a is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl; and</i></p> <p>R6a, R7a, R8a, and R11a are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl; and</p> <p>R12a is selected from hydrogen, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;</p> <p><i>or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof;</i></p> <p>1. U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. US/2016/0353739 “Use of aryl carbamates in agriculture and other plant-related areas” (Published December 8, 2016)</p> <p>From Claim 1: A method of preventing, removing or inhibiting microbial biofilm formation or microbial infection in a plant or plant part thereof,</p>

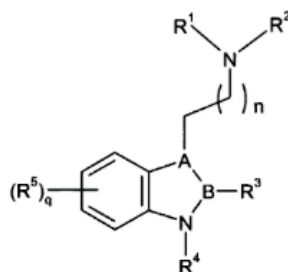
	<p>comprising applying to said plant or plant part a treatment effective amount of a compound of Formula (I):</p>  <p>wherein: R1 is an aryl, an amine-substituted aryl, or a heteroaryl having at least one nitrogen atom; n=0 to 10, saturated or unsaturated; each occurrence of Rx and Ry is present or absent (depending upon chain saturation), and is each independently H or alkyl; R2 is selected from the group consisting of: H, alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl; and R3 is alkyl, substituted cycloalkyl or unsubstituted cycloalkyl, or an agriculturally acceptable salt thereof.</p> <p>From Description: "Heteroaryl" means a cyclic, aromatic hydrocarbon in which one or more carbon atoms have been replaced with heteroatoms (e.g., N, O or S). If the heteroaryl group contains more than one heteroatom, the heteroatoms may be the same or different. Examples of heteroaryl groups include pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, thienyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, pyrrolyl, pyranyl, isobenzofuranyl, chromenyl, xanthenyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolizinyl, triazolyl, pyridazinyl, indazolyl, purinyl, quinolizinyl, isoquinolyl, quinolyl, phthalazinyl, naphthyridinyl, quinoxalinyl, isothiazolyl, and benzo[b]thienyl. Preferred heteroaryl groups are five and six membered rings and contain from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of: O, N, and S. The heteroaryl group, including each heteroatom, can be unsubstituted or substituted with from 1 to 4 suitable substituents, as chemically feasible.</p>
60. The compound of claim 55, wherein the tryptamine compound is a compound of formula (Ib).	<p><i>From the application of interest 18/260,711, Claim 1:</i></p> <p><i>a tryptamine compound of formula (Ib):</i></p>  <p><i>wherein:</i></p> <p>R1b is selected from hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl; R2b is selected from a</p>

protecting group, **hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl**;
*R3b and R4b are independently chosen from **hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b, provided that at least one of R3b or R4b is hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b**;*
R5b is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;
R9b is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;
R11b is hydrogen;
R12b is a protecting group; and
R6b, R7b, and R8b are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl;
or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof;
with the proviso that when R1b is hydrogen, R2b is methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is tert-butyloxycarbonyl (BOC) or methoxycarbonyl, then R3b is not hydrogen or methoxy; and
with the proviso that when R1b and R2b are methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is ethoxycarbonyl, then R3b and R4b are not both methyl

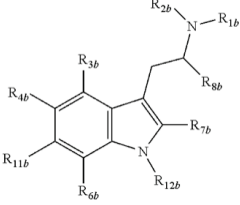
2. Int'l Pat. App. Pub. No. WO/2003/035,061 "Use of indole and indoline derivatives in the treatment of obesity or for the reduction of food intake"
 (Published May 1, 2003)

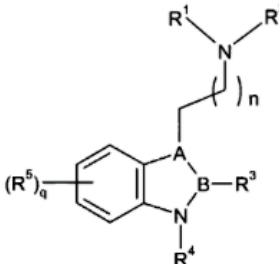
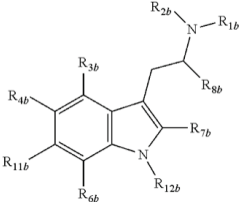
From Claim 1:

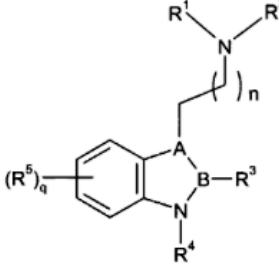
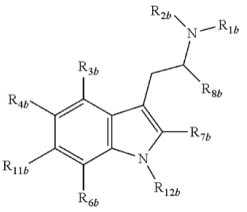
Use of a compound having a structure in accordance with Formula I, II or III:



wherein n is 1 or 2... R1 and R2 independently represent hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl or aryl, C1-C6 alkyl, or together represent the atoms necessary to complete a heterocycloalkyl group comprising the nitrogen atom to which R1 and R2 are attached;
R3 represents hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, aryl, C1-C6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, C_n-alkylcarbonyl, or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; **R4 represents arylsulphonyl, heteroarylsulphonyl, Cj-g alkylsulphonyl, di C1-C6 alkylaminosulphonyl, arylcarbonyl, C-C6 alkylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl**; **each R5 independently represents hydrogen, hydroxy, C1-C6 alkoxy, aryl C1-C6 alkoxy, nitrile or halogen**;... **and A-B represents**

	<p>C=C or CH-CH, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment and/or prevention of obesity or for the reduction of food intake.</p>
<p>61. The compound of claim 60, wherein R12b is selected from a tert-butyloxycarbonyl (BOC) group, a fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl (Fmoc) group, a benzyloxycarbonyl (Cbz or Z) group, a p-methoxybenzyl carbonyl (Moz or MeOZ) group, an allyloxycarbonyl (Alloc) group, a 2,2,2-Trichloroethoxycarbonyl (Troc) group, or a 2-(Trimethylsilyl)ethoxycarbonyl (Teoc) group.</p>	<p><i>From the application of interest 18/260,711, Claim 1:</i></p> <p><i>a tryptamine compound of formula (Ib):</i></p>  <p><i>wherein:</i></p> <p>R1b is selected from hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl; R2b is selected from a protecting group, hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;</p> <p>R3b and R4b are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b, provided that at least one of R3b or R4b is hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b;</p> <p>R5b is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;</p> <p>R9b is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;</p> <p>R11b is hydrogen;</p> <p>R12b is a protecting group; and</p> <p>R6b, R7b, and R8b are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl; or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof; with the proviso that when R1b is hydrogen, R2b is methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is tert-butyloxycarbonyl (BOC) or methoxycarbonyl, then R3b is not hydrogen or methoxy; and with the proviso that when R1b and R2b are methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is ethoxycarbonyl, then R3b and R4b are not both methyl</p> <p>2. Int'l Pat. App. Pub. No. WO/2003/035,061 "Use of indole and indoline derivatives in the treatment of obesity or for the reduction of food intake" (Published May 1, 2003)</p> <p>From Claim 1:</p> <p>Use of a compound having a structure in accordance with Formula I, II or III:</p>

	 <p>wherein n is 1 or 2... R1 and R2 independently represent hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl or aryl, C1-C6 alkyl, or together represent the atoms necessary to complete a heterocycloalkyl group comprising the nitrogen atom to which R1 and R2 are attached; R3 represents hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, aryl, C1-C6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, C\alkylcarbonyl, or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; R4 represents arylsulphonyl, heteroarylsulphonyl, Cj-g alkylsulphonyl, di C1-C6 alkylaminosulphonyl, arylcarbonyl, C-C6 alkylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; each R5 independently represents hydrogen, hydroxy, C1-C6 alkoxy, aryl C1-C6 alkoxy, nitrile or halogen;... and A-B represents C=C or CH-CH, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment and/or prevention of obesity or for the reduction of food intake.</p>
62. The compound of claim 60, wherein at least one of R3b, R4b, R6b, R7b, and R8b is not hydrogen.	<p>From the application of interest 18/260,711, Claim 1:</p> <p>a tryptamine compound of formula (Ib):</p>  <p>wherein:</p> <p>R1b is selected from hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl; R2b is selected from a protecting group, hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl; R3b and R4b are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b, provided that at least one of R3b or R4b is hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b; R5b is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl; R9b is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl; R11b is hydrogen; R12b is a protecting group; and</p>

	<p>R6b, R7b, and R8b are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl; <i>or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof;</i> <i>with the proviso that when R1b is hydrogen, R2b is methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is tert-butyloxycarbonyl (BOC) or methoxycarbonyl, then R3b is not hydrogen or methoxy; and</i> <i>with the proviso that when R1b and R2b are methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is ethoxycarbonyl, then R3b and R4b are not both methyl</i></p> <p>2. Int'l Pat. App. Pub. No. WO/2003/035,061 "Use of indole and indoline derivatives in the treatment of obesity or for the reduction of food intake" (Published May 1, 2003)</p> <p>From Claim 1: Use of a compound having a structure in accordance with Formula I, II or III:</p>  <p>wherein n is 1 or 2... R1 and R2 independently represent hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl or aryl, C1-C6 alkyl, or together represent the atoms necessary to complete a heterocycloalkyl group comprising the nitrogen atom to which R1 and R2 are attached; R3 represents hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, aryl, C1-C6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, C\alkylcarbonyl, or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; R4 represents arylsulphonyl, heteroarylsulphonyl, Cj-g alkylsulphonyl, di C1-C6 alkylaminosulphonyl, arylcarbonyl, C-C6 alkylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; each R5 independently represents hydrogen, hydroxy, C1-C6 alkoxy, aryl C1-C6 alkoxy, nitrile or halogen;... and A-B represents C=C or CH-CH, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment and/or prevention of obesity or for the reduction of food intake.</p>
<p>63. The compound of claim 60, wherein at least one of R3b or R4b is not methyl.</p>	<p><i>From the application of interest 18/260,711, Claim 1:</i> <i>a tryptamine compound of formula (Ib):</i></p> 

wherein:

R1b is selected from hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl; **R2b** is selected from a protecting group, hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;

R3b and **R4b** are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b, provided that at least one of **R3b** or **R4b** is hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b;

R5b is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;

R9b is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;

R11b is hydrogen;

R12b is a protecting group; and

R6b, **R7b**, and **R8b** are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof;

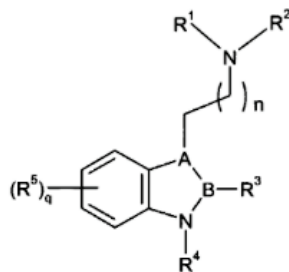
with the proviso that when **R1b** is hydrogen, **R2b** is methyl, **R6b**, **R7b**, and **R8b** are all hydrogen, and **R12b** is tert-butyloxycarbonyl (BOC) or methoxycarbonyl, then **R3b** is not hydrogen or methoxy; and

with the proviso that when **R1b** and **R2b** are methyl, **R6b**, **R7b**, and **R8b** are all hydrogen, and **R12b** is ethoxycarbonyl, then **R3b** and **R4b** are not both methyl

2. Int'l Pat. App. Pub. No. WO/2003/035,061 "Use of indole and indoline derivatives in the treatment of obesity or for the reduction of food intake" (Published May 1, 2003)

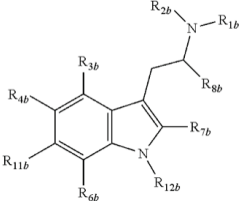
From Claim 1:

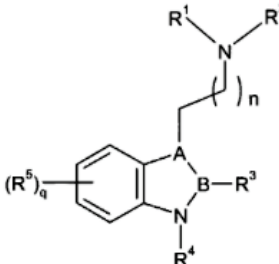
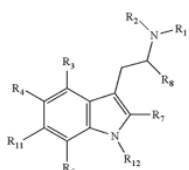
Use of a compound having a structure in accordance with Formula I, II or III:

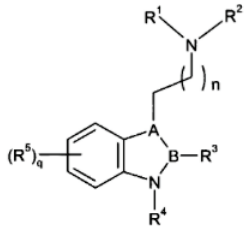


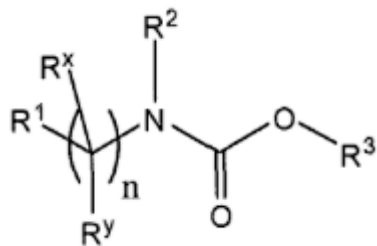
wherein **n** is 1 or 2... **R1** and **R2** independently represent hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl or aryl, C1-C6 alkyl, or together represent the atoms necessary to complete a heterocycloalkyl group comprising the nitrogen atom to which **R1** and **R2** are attached;

R3 represents hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, aryl, C1-C6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, C_n-alkylcarbonyl, or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; **R4** represents arylsulphonyl, heteroarylsulphonyl, C_j-g alkylsulphonyl, di C1-C6 alkylaminosulphonyl,

	<p>arylcarbonyl, C-C6 alkylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl or C1-C6 alkoxycarbonyl; each R5 independently represents hydrogen, hydroxy, C1-C6 alkoxy, aryl C1-C6 alkoxy, nitrile or halogen;... and A-B represents C=C or CH-CH, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment and/or prevention of obesity or for the reduction of food intake.</p>
<p>64. The compound of claim 60, wherein: R1b is methyl; R2b is selected from hydrogen, methyl, and a protecting group; R3b is selected from hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b; and R4b, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen; with the proviso that R3b is not hydroxyl when R2b is methyl and R12b is a tert-butyloxycarbonyl (BOC) group.</p>	<p>From the application of interest 18/260,711, Claim 1: a tryptamine compound of formula (Ib):</p>  <p>wherein:</p> <p>R1b is selected from hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl; R2b is selected from a protecting group, hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl; R3b and R4b are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b, provided that at least one of R3b or R4b is hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b; R5b is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl; R9b is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl; R11b is hydrogen; R12b is a protecting group; and R6b, R7b, and R8b are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl; or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof; with the proviso that when R1b is hydrogen, R2b is methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is tert-butyloxycarbonyl (BOC) or methoxycarbonyl, then R3b is not hydrogen or methoxy; and with the proviso that when R1b and R2b are methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is ethoxycarbonyl, then R3b and R4b are not both methyl</p> <p>2. Int'l Pat. App. Pub. No. WO/2003/035,061 "Use of indole and indoline derivatives in the treatment of obesity or for the reduction of food intake" (Published May 1, 2003)</p> <p>From Claim 1: Use of a compound having a structure in accordance with Formula I, II or III:</p>

	 <p>wherein n is 1 or 2... R1 and R2 independently represent hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl or aryl, C1-C6 alkyl, or together represent the atoms necessary to complete a heterocycloalkyl group comprising the nitrogen atom to which R1 and R2 are attached; R3 represents hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, aryl, C1-C6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, C\alkylcarbonyl, or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; R4 represents arylsulphonyl, heteroarylsulphonyl, Cj-g alkylsulphonyl, di C1-C6 alkylaminosulphonyl, arylcarbonyl, C-C6 alkylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; each R5 independently represents hydrogen, hydroxy, C1-C6 alkoxy, aryl C1-C6 alkoxy, nitrile or halogen;... and A-B represents C=C or CH-CH, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment and/or prevention of obesity or for the reduction of food intake.</p>
65. The compound of claim 55, wherein the tryptamine compound is a compound of formula (I).	<p>From the application of interest 18/260,711, Claim 1:</p> <p>a tryptamine compound of formula (I):</p>  <p>wherein</p> <p>R1 is selected from hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;</p> <p>R2 is selected from a protecting group, hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;</p> <p>R3 and R4 are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9, —OC(O)R5, —OC(O)OR5, or —OSO2R5;</p> <p>R5 is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;</p> <p>R9 is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;</p> <p>R6, R7, R8, and R11 are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl; and</p> <p>R12 is selected from a protecting group, hydrogen, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl, wherein at least one of R2 or R12 is a protecting group; or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof;</p>

	<p><i>wherein the purity of the tryptamine compound of formula (I) is greater than 98%.</i></p> <p>2. Int'l Pat. App. Pub. No. WO/2003/035,061 "Use of indole and indoline derivatives in the treatment of obesity or for the reduction of food intake" (Published May 1, 2003)</p> <p>From Claim 1: Use of a compound having a structure in accordance with Formula I, II or III:</p>  <p>wherein n is 1 or 2... R1 and R2 independently represent hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl or aryl, C1-C6 alkyl, or together represent the atoms necessary to complete a heterocycloalkyl group comprising the nitrogen atom to which R1 and R2 are attached; R3 represents hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, aryl, C1-C6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, C\alkylcarbonyl, or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; R4 represents arylsulphonyl, heteroarylsulphonyl, Cj-g alkylsulphonyl, di C1-C6 alkylaminosulphonyl, arylcarbonyl, C-C6 alkylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; each R5 independently represents hydrogen, hydroxy, C1-C6 alkoxy, aryl C1-C6 alkoxy, nitrile or halogen;... and A-B represents C=C or CH-CH, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment and/or prevention of obesity or for the reduction of food intake.</p> <p>From Description: Compound: The test compound, N,N-Dimethyl 2-[1 - (benzenesulphonyl)-5-methoxy- 1 H-indol-3-yl]ethylamine. The purity of the test compounds is of analytical grade.</p>
<p>66. N—BOC-Norpsilocin or a pharmaceutically-acceptable addition salts thereof.</p>	<p>1. U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. US/2016/0353739 "Use of aryl carbamates in agriculture and other plant-related areas" (Published December 8, 2016)</p> <p>From Claim 1: A method of preventing, removing or inhibiting microbial biofilm formation or microbial infection in a plant or plant part thereof, comprising applying to said plant or plant part a treatment effective amount of a compound of Formula (I):</p>



wherein:

R1 is an aryl, an amine-substituted aryl, or a heteroaryl having at least one nitrogen atom; n=0 to 10, saturated or unsaturated;

each occurrence of Rx and Ry is present or absent (depending upon chain saturation), and is each independently H or alkyl;

R2 is selected from the group consisting of: H, alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl; and

R3 is alkyl, substituted cycloalkyl or unsubstituted cycloalkyl, or an agriculturally acceptable salt thereof.

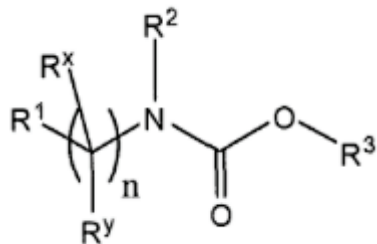
From **Description: "Heteroaryl"** means a cyclic, aromatic hydrocarbon in which one or more carbon atoms have been replaced with heteroatoms (e.g., N, O or S). If the heteroaryl group contains more than one heteroatom, the heteroatoms may be the same or different.

Examples of heteroaryl groups include pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, thienyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, pyrrolyl, pyranyl, isobenzofuranyl, chromenyl, xanthenyl, **indolyl**, isoindolyl, indoliziny, triazolyl, pyridazinyl, indazolyl, purinyl, quinoliziny, isoquinolyl, quinolyl, phthalazinyl, naphthyridinyl, quinoxaliny, isothiazolyl, and benzo[b]thienyl. Preferred heteroaryl groups are five and six membered rings and contain from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of: O, N, and S. **The heteroaryl group, including each heteroatom, can be unsubstituted or substituted with from 1 to 4 suitable substituents, as chemically feasible.**

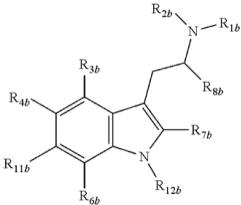
67. N—BOC-4-Acetoxy-Norpsilocin or a pharmaceutically-acceptable addition salt thereof.

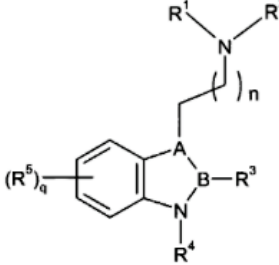
1. U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. US/2016/0353739 "Use of aryl carbamates in agriculture and other plant-related areas" (Published December 8, 2016)

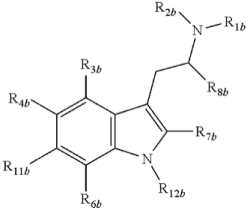
From **Claim 1:** A method of preventing, removing or inhibiting microbial biofilm formation or microbial infection in a plant or plant part thereof, comprising applying to said plant or plant part a treatment effective amount of a compound of **Formula (I)**:



wherein:

	<p>R1 is an aryl, an amine-substituted aryl, or a heteroaryl having at least one nitrogen atom; n=0 to 10, saturated or unsaturated; each occurrence of Rx and Ry is present or absent (depending upon chain saturation), and is each independently H or alkyl;</p> <p>R2 is selected from the group consisting of: H, alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl; and</p> <p>R3 is alkyl, substituted cycloalkyl or unsubstituted cycloalkyl, or an agriculturally acceptable salt thereof.</p> <p>From Description: "Heteroaryl" means a cyclic, aromatic hydrocarbon in which one or more carbon atoms have been replaced with heteroatoms (e.g., N, O or S). If the heteroaryl group contains more than one heteroatom, the heteroatoms may be the same or different. Examples of heteroaryl groups include pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, thienyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, pyrrolyl, pyranyl, isobenzofuranyl, chromenyl, xanthenyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, indoliziny, triazolyl, pyridazinyl, indazolyl, purinyl, quinoliziny, isoquinolyl, quinolyl, phthalazinyl, naphthyridinyl, quinoxaliny, isothiazolyl, and benzo[b]thienyl. Preferred heteroaryl groups are five and six membered rings and contain from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of: O, N, and S. The heteroaryl group, including each heteroatom, can be unsubstituted or substituted with from 1 to 4 suitable substituents, as chemically feasible.</p>
68. A composition comprising a compound of claim 55 or a pharmaceutically-acceptable acid addition salt thereof, and an excipient.	<p><i>From the application of interest 18/260,711, Claim 1:</i></p> <p><i>a tryptamine compound of formula (Ib):</i></p>  <p><i>wherein:</i></p> <p>R1b is selected from hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl; R2b is selected from a protecting group, hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;</p> <p>R3b and R4b are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b, provided that at least one of R3b or R4b is hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b;</p> <p>R5b is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;</p> <p>R9b is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;</p> <p>R11b is hydrogen;</p> <p>R12b is a protecting group; and</p>

	<p>R6b, R7b, and R8b are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl; <i>or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof;</i> <i>with the proviso that when R1b is hydrogen, R2b is methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is tert-butyloxycarbonyl (BOC) or methoxycarbonyl, then R3b is not hydrogen or methoxy; and</i> <i>with the proviso that when R1b and R2b are methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is ethoxycarbonyl, then R3b and R4b are not both methyl</i></p> <p>2. Int'l Pat. App. Pub. No. WO/2003/035,061 "Use of indole and indoline derivatives in the treatment of obesity or for the reduction of food intake" (Published May 1, 2003)</p> <p>From Claim 1: Use of a compound having a structure in accordance with Formula I, II or III:</p>  <p>wherein n is 1 or 2... R1 and R2 independently represent hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl or aryl, C1-C6 alkyl, or together represent the atoms necessary to complete a heterocycloalkyl group comprising the nitrogen atom to which R1 and R2 are attached; R3 represents hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, aryl, C1-C6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, C\alkylcarbonyl, or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; R4 represents arylsulphonyl, heteroarylsulphonyl, Cj-g alkylsulphonyl, di C1-C6 alkylaminosulphonyl, arylcarbonyl, C-C6 alkylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; each R5 independently represents hydrogen, hydroxy, C1-C6 alkoxy, aryl C1-C6 alkoxy, nitrile or halogen;... and A-B represents C=C or CH-CH, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment and/or prevention of obesity or for the reduction of food intake.</p> <p>From Description: Such pharmaceutical compositions according to the invention comprise an effective amount of one, or optionally more, compound(s) discussed above in association with compatible pharmaceutically acceptable carrier materials, or diluents, as are well known in the art. The carriers may be any inert material, organic or inorganic, suitable for oral, enteral, rectal, percutaneous, subcutaneous or parenteral administration...</p>
<p>69. A composition comprising as a first</p>	<p>3. U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. US/2018/0021326 "Compositions and methods for enhancing neuroregeneration and cognition by combining mushroom</p>

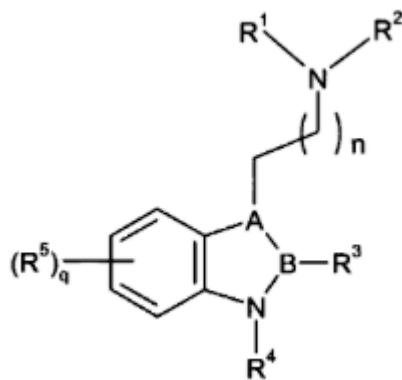
<p>active component: a compound of claim 55; and as a second active component selected from at least one of (a) a serotonergic drug, (b) a purified psilocybin derivative, (c) a purified cannabinoid, (d) a monoamine oxidase inhibitor, (e) a purified terpene, (f) an adrenergic drug, (g) a dopaminergic drug, (h) a purified erinacine, or (i) a purified hericenone; and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.</p>	<p>extracts containing active ingredients psilocin or psilocybin with erinacines or hericenones enhanced with niacin” (Published 25 January 2018)</p> <p>From Description: Compounds naturally produced by the mycelium of psilocybian mushrooms and their mycelium includes baeocystin, norbaeocystin, N,N-dimethyltryptamine, 5-hydroxytryptamine (serotonin), 5-hydroxytryptophan, psilocybin and psilocin. These compounds, their precursors and immediate derivatives are candidates for neurogenesis. Synthetic or natural prodrugs, congeners and analogs of psilocybin, psilocin, baeocystin and norbaeocystin may offer similar benefits.</p> <p>From Claim 11: The method of claim 1, wherein the composition additionally comprises one or more of (Bacopa monnieri), Gotu kola (Centella asiatica), Gingko (Gingko biloba), Ginger (Zingiber officinale), Holy Basil (Ocimum sanctum), Hu Zhang (Polygonum cuspidatum), Oregano (Origanum vulgare, Origanum onites), Rosemary (Rosmarinus officinalis, Rosmarinus eriocalyx, Rosmarinus species), Turmeric (Curcuma longa), Green Tea (Camellia sinensis), lavender (Lavandula spica and Lavandula species), skullcap (Scutellaria lateriflora), oat straw (Avena sativa and Avena byzantine), Diviner's Sage (Salvia divinorum), ayahuasca (Banisteriopsis caapi and Psychotria species), Tabernanthe iboga, Voacanga africana, Tabernaemontana undulate, peyote (Lophophora williamsii), morning glory (Ipomoea tricolor, Argyreia nervosa), Cannabis sativa, Cannabis indica or Cannabis ruderalis, or combinations thereof.</p>
<p>70. A method of preventing or treating a psychological disorder comprising: identifying a subject in need of treatment or prevention; and administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 55.</p>	<p><i>From the application of interest 18/260,711, Claim 1:</i></p> <p><i>a tryptamine compound of formula (Ib):</i></p>  <p><i>wherein:</i></p> <p>R1b is selected from hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;</p> <p>R2b is selected from a protecting group, hydrogen, straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a straight chain or branched C2-C6 alkenyl;</p> <p>R3b and R4b are independently chosen from hydrogen, hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b, provided that at least one of R3b or R4b is hydroxyl, —OR9b, —OC(O)R5b, —OC(O)OR5b, or —OSO2R5b;</p> <p>R5b is a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;</p> <p>R9b is selected from a protecting group, a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl, or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl;</p>

*R11b is hydrogen;
R12b is a protecting group; and
R6b, R7b, and R8b are each independently hydrogen or a straight chain or branched C1-C6 alkyl;
or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid-addition salt thereof;
with the proviso that when R1b is hydrogen, R2b is methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is tert-butyloxycarbonyl (BOC) or methoxycarbonyl, then R3b is not hydrogen or methoxy; and
with the proviso that when R1b and R2b are methyl, R6b, R7b, and R8b are all hydrogen, and R12b is ethoxycarbonyl, then R3b and R4b are not both methyl*

2. Int'l Pat. App. Pub. No. WO/2003/035,061 "Use of indole and indoline derivatives in the treatment of obesity or for the reduction of food intake" (Published May 1, 2003)

From **Claim 1:**

Use of a compound having a structure in accordance with Formula I, II or III:



wherein n is 1 or 2... R1 and R2 independently represent hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl or aryl, C1-C6 alkyl, or together represent the atoms necessary to complete a heterocycloalkyl group comprising the nitrogen atom to which R1 and R2 are attached;
R3 represents hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, aryl, C1-C6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, C\alkylcarbonyl, or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl;
R4 represents arylsulphonyl, heteroarylsulphonyl, Cj-g alkylsulphonyl, di C1-C6 alkylaminosulphonyl, arylcarbonyl, C-C6 alkylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl or C1-C6 alkoxy carbonyl; each R5 independently represents hydrogen, hydroxy, C1-C6 alkoxy, aryl C1-C6 alkoxy, nitrile or halogen;... and A-B represents C=C or CH-CH, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment and/or prevention of obesity or for the reduction of food intake.

71. A method of generating a

<p>monoalkyltryptamine compound in situ in a patient, the method comprising administering to a patient a compound of claim 55.</p>	
<p>72. A method of preventing or treating inflammation and/or pain comprising: identifying a subject in need of treatment or prevention; and administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 55.</p>	<p>3. U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. US/2018/0021326 “Compositions and methods for enhancing neuroregeneration and cognition by combining mushroom extracts containing active ingredients psilocin or psilocybin with erinacines or hericenones enhanced with niacin” (Published 25 January 2018)</p> <p>From Description: Compounds naturally produced by the mycelium of psilocybian mushrooms and their mycelium includes baecocystin, norbaecocystin, N,N-dimethyltryptamine, 5-hydroxytryptamine (serotonin), 5-hydroxytryptophan, psilocybin and psilocin. These compounds, their precursors and immediate derivatives are candidates for neurogenesis. Synthetic or natural prodrugs, congeners and analogs of psilocybin, psilocin, baecocystin and norbaecocystin may offer similar benefits.</p> <p>From Claim 11: The method of claim 1, wherein the composition additionally comprises one or more of (Bacopa monnieri), Gotu kola (Centella asiatica), Gingko (Gingko biloba), Ginger (Zingiber officinale), Holy Basil (Ocimum sanctum), Hu Zhang (Polygonum cuspidatum), Oregano (Origanum vulgare, Origanum onites), Rosemary (Rosmarinus officinalis, Rosmarinus eriocalyx, Rosmarinus species), Turmeric (Curcuma longa), Green Tea (Camellia sinensis), lavender (Lavandula spica and Lavandula species), skullcap (Scutellaria lateriflora), oat straw (Avena sativa and Avena byzantine), Diviner's Sage (Salvia divinorum), ayahuasca (Banisteriopsis caapi and Psychotria species), Tabernanthe iboga, Voacanga africana, Tabernaemontana undulate, peyote (Lophophora williamsii), morning glory (Ipomoea tricolor, Argyreia nervosa), Cannabis sativa, Cannabis indica or Cannabis ruderalis, or combinations thereof.</p> <p>From Description: Plant extracts with known neuroregenerative properties include, but are not limited to: Bacopa species (Bacopa monnieri), Gotu kola (Centella asiatica), and Gingko (Gingko biloba). Additional plants with anti-inflammatory properties include but are not limited to: Ginger (Zingiber officinale), Holy Basil (Ocimum sanctum), Hu Zhang (Polygonum cuspidatum), Oregano (Origanum vulgare, Origanum onites), Rosemary (Rosmarinus officinalis, Rosmarinus eriocalyx, species in the genus Rosmarinus), Turmeric (Curcuma longa), Green Tea (Camellia sinensis), lavender (Lavandula spica and related species in the genus Lavandula), skullcap (Scutellaria lateriflora) and oat straw (Avena sativa, Avena byzantina). Moreover, Salvia divinorum, aka Diviner's Sage, ayahuasca, a concoction made from Banisteriopsis caapi and Psychotria species, and plants containing ibogaine (Tabernanthe iboga, Voacanga africana and Tabernaemontana undulate), peyote (Lophophora williamsii),</p>

Priority Date: 7/9/2021

	the seeds of morning glory (<i>Ipomoea tricolor</i> and related species) and Hawaiian baby woodrose (<i>Argyrea nervosa</i>), and Cannabis (Cannabis sativa , C. indica and C. ruderalis)...
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ELECTRONIC ACKNOWLEDGEMENT RECEIPT

APPLICATION #	RECEIPT DATE / TIME	ATTORNEY DOCKET #
18/260,711	08/29/2024 12:29:58 PM Z ET	

Title of Invention

Application Information

APPLICATION TYPE	PATENT #
CONFIRMATION #	FILED BY Jeremy Rolquin
PATENT CENTER # 66974712	FILING DATE 07/07/2023
CUSTOMER # -	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR
INTL. APPLICATION # -	INTL. FILING DATE -
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS -	AUTHORIZED BY -

Documents

TOTAL DOCUMENTS: 7

DOCUMENT	PAGES	DESCRIPTION	SIZE (KB)
third-party-preissuance-submission.pdf	2	Third-Party Submission Under 37 CFR 1.290	45 KB
Concise-description-generated.pdf	2	Concise Description of Relevance	25 KB
Third-party-notification-request.pdf	1	Request for Notification of Non-compliant Third-Party Submission	13 KB
US20240083848 3PS Embedded.pdf	27	-	364 KB
US20240083848 3PS Embedded-3P.RELEVANCE.pdf	(1-27) 27	Concise Description of Relevance	365 KB
US20240083848 3PS	(1-27) 27	Concise Description of	365 KB

Embedded-3P.RELEVANCE.pdf			Relevance	
US20240083848 3PS Embedded-3P.RELEVANCE.pdf	(1-27)	27	Concise Description of Relevance	365 KB
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2_WO2003035061A1-FOR.pdf	(1-32)	32	Foreign Reference	935 KB

Digest

DOCUMENT

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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.